

## FORCES LINED UP ON THE BORDER

### Americans Waiting For The Mexicans To Open Fire

### General Fighting Reported Throughout The Border Country

El Paso, Tex., Sept. 7.—Five hundred Carranza soldiers and as many American troops are lined up on the Rio Grande, near Mission, ready for battle. The tension has been great and Americans have been waiting for the Mexicans to open fire. Although advice has been received that the Carranza soldiers will be withdrawn from the river, they are still in battle line.

Throughout the border country, general fighting between detachments of soldiers and Mexicans have been reported. One of these encounters took place at Miami, fifty miles from Brownsville. Another battle occurred near Rincon. Here three Mexicans were killed and one American soldier was wounded. Bands of Mexicans, heavily armed, were seen near Santa Maria and Cerinjal.

At Olmito, thirty miles north of Brownsville, ten bandits robbed three stores and stole several horses. Reports from this section declare that Roy Martin, an American boy, was kidnapped by the bandits, who escaped across the river before the soldiers could be notified. It is supposed that he will be held for ransom, since his parents are wealthy. Opposite Santa Maria at Ensenada a large force of armed Mexicans have arrived. They went into camp. Descriptions of these Mexicans indicate that they are soldiers.

Four Mexicans were killed in various sections. These men were killed by individuals and rangers. It is rumored that the war has degenerated into settling personal difficulties and that any American having feeling against Mexicans promptly settles the same with a rifle.

Indications are that since there are at least fifty bands of Mexicans operating over the large territory it will be some time before the country is cleared of them. Just what Mexicans are friendly to the United States and who are the raiders is a problem the

army has not yet solved.

General Funston declared that Carranza officers are again urging a conference for settling the border troubles. He intimated that none would be held until it is certain that regular Mexican soldiers are not participating in the raiding.

### TERROR REIGNS AT SMYRNA

Turks Desperate and Savagely Persecuting Christians.

Rome, Sept. 7.—The Italian premier has returned from the front. He will shortly preside at a most important cabinet council which will be the prelude to imminent developments in the Aegean, especially at Smyrna, where terror reigns. Dispatches from there indicate that the Turks are desperate, savagely persecuting the Christians, who have been interned, as well as all Europeans. Massacres are looked for at any moment. Owing to the coal famine the city of Smyrna is in total darkness at night. Railway communications are partly stopped. The Anglo-British forces have been mysteriously reinforced recently and their operations have been intensified along the coasts of Asia Minor.

### British Steamers Sunk.

London, Sept. 7.—The British steamship Mimosa has been sunk by a German submarine. All of the crew has been landed. The steamer Roumanie, lately reported sunk, is safe and is nearing port. The British steamer Cymbeline also has been sunk. Six members of the crew were killed and six were injured. Thirty-one others were landed safely.

### Italian Mixup.

New York, Sept. 7.—One penny difference in the price of an ear of hot corn caused the mortal wounding of a seven-year-old Italian boy, the shooting of three adults, the stabbing of a fourth and the arrest of three men. Ignazio Bonando, a confectioner, is held for the shooting.

## VICTIM OF ASSASSIN WAS FORMER OHIOAN

Providence, R. I., Sept. 7.—Justice William S. Knowles of the Eighth judicial district was shot and killed from ambush just after he had left his bungalow in North Scituate to take a trolley car for Providence. The police are proceeding on the theory that he was killed in revenge by some litigant against whom he had given a decision. Justice Knowles was born in Hockingport, Athens county, O.,

and was a graduate of Ohio university. Mrs. Cora Wardwell, the judge's housekeeper, was almost in sight of the judge when he was brought down. She heard a man exclaim, "There, damn you, I've got you at last," and she went immediately to the roadside to investigate. She did not see anybody and there has not been the slightest clue obtainable as to the identity of the assassin.

## SHOCKS RECORDED

Cleveland, Sept. 7.—A series of heavy earthquake shocks, which Father Odenbach of St. Ignatius' college observatory believes occurred in Mexico or South America, were recorded last night on the observatory seismograph. "I believe the earthquake is a serious one, one of the most severe we have had," the observer said.

## CASHIER KILLED

Bellefontaine, O., Sept. 7.—Thornton Mitchell, forty-five, cashier of the City bank at Lima, was killed at Lakeview, where he was inspecting a farm. He was struck by an automobile driven by Postmaster Emil Davis of Lakeview and hurled in front of a car owned by Sheriff Shockey of Wapakoneta.

## MRS. MOHR PERSISTS IN DENYING SHE HIRED NEGROES TO MURDER HUSBAND



WIFE AND NEGROES HELD FOR DOCTOR'S MURDER

In the accompanying illustration are shown Mrs. Franklin Mohr and the three negroes she is charged with hiring to murder her husband. The case is a most sensational one. The negroes, George W. Healis, Cecil Victor Brown and Henry Spellman told

the police they were acting under instructions from Mrs. Mohr when Healis the doctor's chauffeur, stopped his touring car in a lonely spot on the road to Newport and Brown fired the fatal shots at the doctor and Spellman fired two bullets, wounding

Miss Emily C. Burger, the doctor's pretty private secretary. Spellman is shown in the upper left, George W. Healis lower left of the picture. Brown is shown in the center. The negroes afterwards repudiated their accusations against Mrs. Mohr.

## TWENTY-SIX LIVES LOST BY SINKING OF HESPERIAN

Queenstown, Ireland, Sept. 7.—Six second cabin passengers, six third cabin passengers and thirteen of the crew of the Hesperian, torpedoed 150 miles off Queenstown Saturday evening, are unaccounted for, according to the revised official figures issued by the Allan line. This brings the probable death list, including Miss Carberry of St. Johns, Newfoundland, whose body is here, up to twenty-six.

The captain of the stricken liner remained by his ship until it sank. He declined to comment on the disaster for publication; hence the official statement as to whether he believes his ship was a victim of a torpedo or a mine must come from the admiralty. The flooding of the forward compartments, which caused the Hesperian to sink so much by the head as to throw the propellers out of the water, made the task of towing the liner to Queenstown impossible in the rough sea.

## NO INTEREST IN THAW EVELYN'S DECLARATION

New York, Sept. 7.—Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, her little son Russell and her dancing partner, Jack Clifford, returned from Clifford's camp in the Adirondacks, where they have spent several months hunting and fishing. She and Russell are enjoying most robust health. Mrs. Thaw said her position is precisely as she announced

when Harry K. Thaw first said that he would seek a divorce. She stated that she had no occasion to revise her statement that she had no interest in Thaw or his money.

If we could learn to forget by forgiving many a heartache would cease to day.

## THE WOUND WAS FATAL

Manchester, O., Sept. 7.—Raymond Helter Brand, twenty-five who was shot in the head, it is alleged, by his father-in-law, Pace Kennedy, fifty, Aug. 27, died without regaining consciousness. Kennedy is still at large. Two hundred dollars reward is offered for his arrest.

## SUICIDES IN HOTEL

New York, Sept. 7.—Ill health and the loss of courage to fight it was ascribed as the cause for the suicide of a woman who registered at the New Victoria hotel as Mrs. Ruth N. Mould, forty-five. She registered from Ridgewood, N. J.

## MILITIA PREVENTS PRIZE FIGHT AT LIMA

### Drives Spectators, Promoters and Police From the Field.

Lima, O., Sept. 7.—Members of Company C, Second Infantry, O. N. G., drove fighters, promoters, employees and spectators from the ball park and prevented the fight between Jack Dillon and Yankee Gilbert of New York. The militia was called out by Sheriff Sherman Eley of Allen county when the fight promoters failed to obey his warning not to attempt to stage a fight in this county. Eley wired Governor Willis for instructions. The governor sent word back that the sheriff knew the law and should enforce it. Colonel A. E. Gale of Lima, with thirty-six men of his company, marched to the ground, formed a long line in center field, fixed bayonets, and proceeded to drive everyone from the park. The militiamen then posted pickets about the fences and took charge. The ring was torn down and seats carried off the field.

Shortly after the guardsmen had cleared the park, twenty policemen, led by Safety Director Goodyear and Chief of Police Beall, appeared at the park and ordered the militiamen to leave. Colonel Gale refused, ordered his men to load their rifles and assigned Private Russell to conduct the police officers off the field. Accompanied by Private Russell the police chief and safety director finally left the field. On the outside Russell and Goodyear engaged in an argument, which ended when the safety director left in an automobile. Police officers said they had intended to allow the promoters to proceed with the fight.

Promoter Ed Harter, Indianapolis, said that he would file suit immediately against Sheriff Eley, Colonel Gale and others who, he says, conspired to prevent the fight.

Aged Woman Killed by Auto. Columbus, Sept. 7.—Mrs. Mary Appleton, eighty, died in Grant hospital from injuries sustained when struck by an automobile driven by Dorothy Dunn, divorced wife of Norman Asby, a purchasing agent.

## BRYAN DEFENDS THE PRESIDENT

Appears Before the Convention of Friends of Peace.

### ADDRESS URGES TOLERANCE

Resolutions Adopted Call For Freedom of the Seas but Do Not Demand an Embargo on Shipment of Arms and Ammunition—Society to Be Organized in Every Congressional District.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—The national convention of the Friends of Peace adopted resolutions styled "A New Declaration of Independence," which made no formal demand for an embargo on munitions of war, but declared for the freedom of the seas to all commerce, including that with all belligerent nations, and opposed manufacture of death-dealing implements for profit.

William J. Bryan, former secretary of state, addressing the convention, said that there would be time enough for us to act when the war was over on any dispute we may have with any foreign nation. He praised President Wilson's efforts to maintain peace, then counseled Americans to remain out of the war zone and paid his respects to the propaganda of preparedness in a severe denunciation.

The convention authorized the officers, who were made permanent, to organize the society in every congressional district, each district being allowed one delegate to the national council. Headquarters will be in New York, with a western branch office in Chicago.

In his address Mr. Bryan said: "I am anxious above all other things to keep this nation out of the war. The war is largely a state of mind, except where it is the attitude of the heart. We all wonder when this war is going to stop. I feel about war like the politician felt about a certain rival's speech, 'anywhere is a good place to stop.' I have been speaking for a month in the upper Mississippi valley, and if I am any judge the sentiment is strongly against participation in the war."

"I never expected that we would ever be confronted with the propaganda of preparedness which today is being preached by some of the American press. If you heed the cry of preparedness you will have to submit to being governed here by the men who can scare you the most. This is the duelist's standard of honor, and no nation is challenging us today."

"If we had preparedness and a jingo president imagine what would happen. President Wilson loves peace and is trying to find a peaceful settlement of the disputes we have with belligerents. We may not always have men in office who are in sympathy with the ideals of this government. Should this country get into difficulties where war seemed necessary, I would like to see a referendum on it. I would like to see the first battle line made up of 'jingo' editors. I want them to have the glory of drama before anyone else has a chance."

### LIVE STOCK AND GRAIN

EAST BUFFALO, Sept. 7. Cattle—Prime steers, \$25.00 to \$30.00; ship, \$25.00 to \$30.00; butchers, \$25.00 to \$30.00; hogs, \$25.00 to \$30.00; calves, \$25.00 to \$30.00. Hogs—Heavy, \$7.50 to \$8.50; mixed, \$6.50 to \$7.50; Yorkers and pigs, \$5.00 to \$6.00; roughs, \$4.50 to \$5.50; stags, \$4.00 to \$5.00. Sheep and Lambs—Yearlings, \$4.50 to \$5.50; wethers, \$5.00 to \$6.00; ewes, \$3.50 to \$4.50; mixed sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.00; lambs, \$3.50 to \$4.50. Receipts—Cattle, 1,800; hogs, 12,000; sheep and lambs, 5,400; calves, 1,100.

CHICAGO, Sept. 7. Cattle—Beefers, \$20.00 to \$25.00; cows and heifers, \$18.00 to \$23.00; Texas steers, \$18.00 to \$23.00; western, \$18.00 to \$23.00; calves, \$18.00 to \$23.00. Hogs—Light, \$6.50 to \$7.50; mixed, \$6.00 to \$7.00; heavy, \$5.50 to \$6.50; roughs, \$5.00 to \$6.00; pigs, \$4.50 to \$5.50. Sheep and Lambs—Native sheep, \$5.50 to \$6.50; western, \$5.00 to \$6.00; native lambs, \$6.00 to \$7.00; western, \$5.50 to \$6.50; yearlings, \$5.00 to \$6.00. Receipts—Cattle, 16,000; hogs, 28,000; sheep and lambs, 11,000.

## RIGA MAY BE ISOLATED

The Plan Of The Aggressive Germans

Move From Land and Sea May Force Its Abandonment.

### GULF IN KAISER'S POSSESSION

Forces of Von Hindenburg Apparently Making No Progress, but Southward the Teutonic Armies Are Moving Forward—Great Artillery Duel Continues in the Western Zone. Turks Report Successful Attacks.

London, Sept. 7.—Late dispatches state that the Germans still hold the bridgehead at Friedrichstadt, the occupation of which effectively cuts off Riga's railway communication to the south, while German air craft are active in the Gulf of Riga, perhaps preying a naval clash as part of a concerted German move from land and sea to complete the isolation of the city and force its abandonment by the Russians. A Berlin dispatch says that the Germans claim possession of the gulf, the Russians having abandoned Dagoe, the northernmost of the three islands just outside the gulf.

Field Marshal Von Hindenburg apparently has made no further progress from the Baltic to Grodno, but thence southward the armies of Prince Leopold and Field Marshal Von Mackensen are said to be moving forward, while the Austrian official statements covering the battle line farther south and east records nothing but Teutonic gains.

The great artillery duel in the west goes on unabated, with the French the aggressors. The fact that it has continued for a fortnight unabated leads to the belief in some quarters that it may mean preparation for an allied offensive before the approach of cold weather. The lavish use of shells by the French would seem to indicate some great undertaking.

The following German official statement was issued: "We learn from Geneva that Roumanians residing in Switzerland have received instructions to report at their regimental divisions."

Constantinople reports successful night attacks by Turkish reconnoitering parties near Anafarta, on the Gallipoli peninsula, with the capture of considerable booty and an unsuccessful bombardment by the entente allies of a part of the Seddul Bahr front.

## DELIVERY FRUSTRATED

Newark, O., Sept. 7.—A jail delivery was frustrated by Sheriff Charles Swank when he discovered several saws in the cell of David Stiffen; one bar was found nearly sawed in two. Stiffen was placed in solitary confinement. With Charles Athey and Wilbur Sorrell, Stiffen is held for the fatal shooting of Police Officer Walter Bosscowan July 1, when the officer interferred with their plans to blow a safe.

## WANT THEM REMOVED

Columbus, Sept. 7.—Charges of mismanagement by the commission which is directing Ohio's exhibit at the Chicago exposition in commemoration of fifty years of freedom for the colored race will be filed with Governor Willis by Pearl W. Chavers, president of the Lincoln Ohio Industrial Training school of Columbus. Chavers says he will ask the governor to call for the resignation of two commissioners, Misses Harrie Q. Brown of Xenia and Nora Johnson of Norfolk.